

UG Curriculum of Education under CBCS, 2019

(NON-HONOURS)



**Recommended by the Board of Studies in Education,
Dibrugarh University in its meeting held on 30th & 31st
March 2017**

Department of Education Dibrugarh University

UG Curriculum of Education under CBCS 2019

DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY

SEMESTER-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN BA EDUCATION

NON-HONOURS (CBCS)

	Core Course (12) (6 Credits each)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) (2)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) (2)	Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) (4)	Generic Elective (GE) (2)	Total Credit in each Semester
I	General English 1.1 EDCN101: Philosophical Foundations of Education DSC 2 A	Multi- disciplinary Course (4 C)				22
II	Comm. English 1.2 EDCN201: Psychological Foundations of Education DSC 2 B	Environment Science (2C)				20
III	Comm. Hindi/MIL/ Alt. Eng 1.1		SEC 1.1 (2C)			20

	EDCN301: Sociological Foundations of Education					
	DSC 2 C					
IV	Comm. Hindi/MIL/ Alt. Eng 1.2		SEC 2.1 (2C)			20
	DSC 1 D EDCN401: Emerging Trends in Indian Education					
	DSC 2 D					
V			SEC 1.2 (2C)	Any one of the following EDDSEN501: Great Educators and Educational Thoughts EDDSEN502: Measurement and Evaluation in Education EDDSEN503: Education in Pre – independent India EDDSEN504: Education in World perspective EDDSEN505: Guidance & Counselling EDDSEN506: Value Education EDDSEN507: Inclusive Education EDDSEN508: Mental Health Issues	Any one of the following GEEDN501: Education in Pre – independent India GEEDN502: Guidance & Counselling GEEDN503: Value Education	20
				DSE 2 A		
VI			SEC 2.2 (2C)	Any one of the following EDDSEN601: Educational administration and management EDDSEN602: Education in Post-independent India EDDSEN603: Educational Technology EDDSEN604: Child and Adolescent Psychology EDDSEN605: Human	Any one of the following GEEDN601: Education in Post-independent India GEEDN602: Human Rights Education GEEDN603: Gender and Education	20

				Rights Education EDDSEN606: Economics of Education EDDSEN607: Gender and Education DSE 2 B		
	Total Credits					122

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDCN101: PHILOSOPHICAL FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to-

1. describe the modern concept, aims, functions and role of education.
2. describe the role of Philosophy in Education.
3. explain the basic tenants of the given Indian and Western Philosophies and their influence in Education.
4. appraise the contribution of the given philosophers in the domain of education.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	Concept of Education	16	(13)		3
	1.1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of education		2		
	1.2 Types (Formal, Informal and Non-formal)		2		
	1.3 Aims of education-- Individual and Social aims of education in specific reference to different levels: Elementary, Secondary and Higher education.		4		
	1.4 The functions of Education		5		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual development (Development of skill, basic knowledge, interest and appreciation). • Acquaintance with heritage, (preservation and transmission). • Development of human values, (Social, moral and Aesthetic) • Acquisition of skills leading to self-actualization 				

	<p>and successful living.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social cohesion and social progress 				
II	<p>Role of Philosophy in Education</p> <p>2.1 Science of Education & Philosophy of Education.</p> <p>2.2 Meaning, nature and scope of Philosophy of Education</p> <p>2.3 Role of Philosophy in Education:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Philosophy and aims of education. • Philosophy and curriculum. • Philosophy and methods of teaching. • Philosophy and role of teachers. • Philosophy and discipline 	16	(13)		3
III	<p>Indian Schools of Philosophy and their Influences in Education:</p> <p>3.1 Basic features and classification of Indian Philosophy</p> <p>3.2 Yoga: a) the Hathayoga and Rajayoga. b) The Astangika Yoga. c) Influence of Yoga in education.</p> <p>3.3 Vedanta: a) Basic tenets (Brahma, Atman, Jagat, Maya) b) Advaita Vedanta c) Influence in education.</p> <p>3.4 Buddhism: a) Four noble truths of Buddha b) Middle Path c) Influence in education.</p> <p>3.5 Impact of Indian schools of philosophy in present system of education in India.</p>	16	(15)		3
IV	<p>Western Schools of Philosophy and their Influences in Education:</p> <p>4.1 Basic features of Western Philosophy</p> <p>4.2 Idealism: a) Basic tenets b) Influence in determining aims, curriculum, methods of teaching, role of teacher and discipline in education.</p> <p>4.3 Naturalism: a) Basic tenets b) Influence in determining aims, curriculum, methods of teaching, role of teacher and discipline in education</p> <p>4.4 Pragmatism a) Basic tenets b) Influence in determining aims, curriculum, methods of teaching, role of teacher and discipline in education</p> <p>4.5 Impact of Western schools of philosophy in present system of Indian education.</p>	16	(18)		3

V	Curriculum	16	(13)		2
	5.1 Concept and nature of curriculum		2		
	5.2 Curriculum and Syllabus		1		
	5.3 Different kinds of curriculum based on various philosophies given in this course.		5		
	5.4 Concept and types of co-curricular activity		2		
	5.5 Various philosophical thoughts given in the course on co-curricular activities		3		
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following):

Marks 5

- a. Group discussions on any topic of the course.
- b. Debates on the present relevance of the Indian philosophies (any one from the prescribed philosophies)
- c. Presentation of seminar papers on the various contents of the course with the help of the course teacher(s).
- d. Assignments on the relevance of the thoughts of the educationists prescribed in the course.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Dewey John (2014). *Democracy and Education*. New Delhi: Aakar Books
2. Chandra, S. S. & R. K. Sharma (2006). *Philosophy of Education..* Delhi: Atlantic Publisher.
3. Flew, Antony (1989). *An Introduction to Western Philosophy: Ideas and Argument from Plato to Popper*. London: Thames & Hudson Ltd.
4. Harvey, Peter (2013). *An Introduction to Buddhism: Teaching, History and Practices*. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press. (First South Asia Edition)
5. Hiriyana, M.(1993). *Outlines of Indian Philosophy*. Delhi: Kavyalaya Publishers. (First Indian Edition)
6. Miri, Mrinal (2014) *Philosophy of Education*. Oxford University Press.
7. Radhakrishnan, S. (2012). *Indian Philosophy (Vol. I and II)*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. (Seventh Impression)
8. Rusk R, Robert (2007). *Philosophical Bases of Education*. Delhi: Surjeet Publications.
9. Sengupta, Ira(2012). *A Short History of Western Philosophy*. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency
10. Singh, Y. K. (2007). *Philosophical Foundation of Education*. APH Publishing Corporation.

11. Dudeja, Gita & Guruvinder Kour (2016). *Curriculum Development and Assessment*.
Meerut: R.Lall Book Depot.
12. Talla, Mrunalini (2012). *Curriculum Development: Perspectives, Principles and Issues*.
Pearson Education India

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDCN201: PSYCHOLOGICAL FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Explain the concept, nature, scope and uses of psychology in Education.
2. Explain the influence of growth and development in education.
3. Describe the meaning, concept, variables, types and theories of learning.
4. Discuss the concept and theories of intelligence and creativity.
5. Explain the meaning, concept, factors and theories of personality.
6. Describe the concepts of mental health and mental hygiene, measures of mental health in school.

Course Content

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	PSYCHOLOGY AND EDUCATION Meaning and nature of psychology	20	(17) 1		3

	<p>1.1 Schools of Psychology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Behaviourism • Structuralism • Functionalism • Gestalt Psychology • Psycho-analysis • Constructivism <p>1.2 Meaning, nature and scope of Educational Psychology</p> <p>1.3 Importance of Educational Psychology in classroom teaching</p>		<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>		
II	<p>LEARNING AND MOTIVATION</p> <p>2.1 Meaning and nature of learning.</p> <p>2.2 Factors of Learning: Home, School, Mass Media, Intelligence</p> <p>2.3 Variables of learning: personal, subject matter and method variables</p> <p>2.4 Types of learning: cognitive, affective and psycho-motor learning</p> <p>2.5 Theories of learning: Thorndike's theory of learning, Classical Conditioning, Operant Conditioning and Gestalt theory</p> <p>2.6 Thorndike's Laws of learning</p> <p>2.7 Motivation: Meaning and role in learning.</p> <p>2.8 Maturation: Meaning and role in learning</p> <p>2.9 Transfer of learning: intra and inter transfer, Positive, negative, Zero, bilateral, Horizontal and vertical,</p> <p>2.10 Attention and Interest: Meaning and role in learning</p> <p>2.11 Memory and Learning</p>	20	(18)		3
III	<p>INTELLIGENCE AND CREATIVITY</p> <p>3.1 Meaning and nature of intelligence</p> <p>3.2 Factors of Intelligence: Heredity and Environment</p> <p>3.3 Theories of intelligence: Monarchic theory, Spearman's two factors theory, Multifactor theory, Group factor theory and Guilford's Structure of Intellect (Sol)</p> <p>3.4 Concept of Emotional Intelligence</p> <p>3.5 Creativity: Meaning and nature</p> <p>3.6 Process and Product of creativity</p> <p>3.7 Stages of Creativity: Preparation, Incubation, inspiration, revision and verification</p> <p>3.8 Nurturing Creativity in Classrooms</p> <p>3.9 Meaning and nature of gifted children, difference between creativity and giftedness</p> <p>3.10 Education of Exceptional children: Gifted and Slow learner, Educable, trainable, mentally challenged.</p>	20	(15)		4

IV	PERSONALITY AND MENTAL HEALTH	20	(20)		4
	4.1 Meaning and Characteristics of personality		1		
	4.2 Factors of personality		1		
	▪ Physical.		1		
	▪ Mental.		1		
	▪ Social.		2		
	▪ Emotional.		1		
	4.3 Type Theories of Personality.		1		
	- Hippocrates, Sheldon, Kretchmer, Spranger and Jung				
	4.4 Trait theories of personality: Cattell and Eysenck		2		
	4.5 Concept of balanced mature personality		1		
	4.1 Concept of mental health and mental hygiene		2		
	4.2 Adjustment mechanism: Fantasy, Compensation, Identification, Rationalization and Sublimation		2		
	4.3 Concept of Instinct and Emotion.		1		
	4.4 Some educationally significant instincts and provisions for their training (Curiosity, Acquisition, Self assertiveness, Herd Instincts, Sex Instincts).		2		
	4.5 Relation between Instincts and Emotion.		1		
	4.6 Importance of Emotional training in the classroom.		1		
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- a. Group discussion on any one of the topics of the course.
- b. Seminar on any one of the topics of the course.
- c. Debate on any one of the topics of the course.
- d. Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Chauhan, S.S. (1978). Advanced Educational Psychology. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Kupaswami, Educational Psychology, New Delhi
3. Kundu & Tutu, Educational Psychology, New Delhi
4. Mangal S.K. (1974). Educational Psychology. Tandon Publications, Ludhiana
5. Mohanty, M.S.(1993). Educational Psychology & Statistics. Shri Durga Pustak Bhandar, Sambalpur.
6. Morgan, C.T., King, R.A. and Schopler, J. (1993). McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New York.
7. Rastogi. Educational Psychology
8. Safaya & Bhatiya, Educational Psychology, New Delhi.

9. Sorenson, H. (1964). Psychology in Education. International Student Edition, McGraw hill Book Co., INC. New York.
10. Sing, A.K. (2013): The Comprehensive History of Psychology, Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
11. Chatterjee, S.K. (2000): Advanced Educational Psychology, published by Books and Allied(p) Ltd. 8/1 Chintamoni Das Lane ,Calcutta 700 009 (India).

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDCN301: SOCIOLOGICAL FOUNDATIONS OF EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Explain the concept, approaches and theories of educational sociology.
2. Illustrate Social Aspects, Social Processes and role of Education.
3. Explain the role of Education in Social Change and Development.
4. Describe various Social Groups and their Education

5. Explain different Political Ideologies and their bearings on Education

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	Concept, Approaches and Theories 1.1 Introduction to Educational Sociology-meaning, nature and scope 1.2 Analogy between Education and Sociology(relationship) 1.3 Need for sociological approaches in Education(importance) 1.4 Theories of Educational Sociology- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conflict Theory-concept, features, merits and demerits • Consensus Theory- concept, features, merits and demerits 	16	3 2 2 3 3		2
II	Education, Social Aspects and Socialization Process 2.1 Socialization: Meaning and Process 2.2 Education as a Socialization Process, 2.3 Agencies of socialization : Home, School, Society (Neighborhood, Peer group, Mass media, Social Media) 2.4 Role of these agencies in socialization 2.5 Social Mobility-meaning, types, factors, Role of education in Social Mobility 2.6 Emotional and National integration- meaning, importance, Role of education 2.7 Internationalization- meaning, importance, Role of education 2.8 Modernization: Meaning, Indicators, Role of Education	16	1 2 5 1 1 2 1 2		3

III	Role of Education in Social Changes and Development 3.1 Social Change: meaning & factors 3.2 Relation between education & Social Change 3.3 Cultural Changes- meaning, factors, Role of education 3.4 Economic Development- meaning, factors, role of education 3.5 Education as a development indicator 3.6 Human Resource Development-meaning, role of education	16	2 2 3 2 2 2		3
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IV	Education and Social Groups 4.7 Social groups in Indian context: Characteristics and Classification 4.8 Social Disadvantages and Inequalities in Indian Society- meaning, causes and types 4.9 Education of the socially and economically disadvantaged sections of Indian society with special reference to ST, SC, Women and Rural population. 4.10 Concepts of equity, equality and access in education 4.11 Reservation in Indian education	16	2		3
V	Education and Political Ideologies 5.1 Democracy-concept and basic features of Democracy, nature of education in Democracy, Role of education in inculcating democratic values. 5.2 Totalitarianism: concept and basic features of Totalitarianism, nature of education in Totalitarian society 5.3 Communism: concept of Communism, basic features, nature of education in Communist society 5.4 Secularism: Meaning and Role of education in secular society	16	4		3
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

- A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5**
- Group discussions on any topic of the course.
 - Debate on different political ideologies and their relevancy on the present context.
 - Assignment on any topic of the course.
 - Report writing on socio-cultural issues of any one social group.

B. Sessional Test

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

- Adishesiah, W.T.V. & Pavanasam . R., *Sociology in Theory and Practice*, New Delhi, Santhi Publishers, 1974.
- Blackledge, D. & Hunt, Barry, *Sociological Interpretations of Education*, London, Groom Helm, 1985.
- Chanda S.S. & Sharma R.K. , *Sociology of Education*, New Delhi, Atlantic Publishers, 2002
- Chandra, S.S., *Sociology of Education*, Guwahati, Eastern Book House, 1996.
- Cook L, A. & Cook, E., *Sociological Approach to Education* , New York, McGraw Hill, 1970.
- Durkheim, E., *Education and Sociology* , New York, The Free Press, 1966.
- Hemlata, T., *Sociological Foundations of Education*, New Delhi, Kanishka Publishers, 2002

8. Jayaram, *Sociology of Education* , New Delhi, Rawat, 1990.
9. Shukla, S. & K. Kumar, *Sociological Perspective in Education*, New Delhi, Chanakya Publication, 1985.
10. Swift , D.F., *Basic Readings in the Sociology of Education*, London, Routledge and Keegan Paul, 1970.
11. UNESCO, *Inequalities and Educational development*, Paris, ANIIEP Seminar, UNESCO, 1982.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDCN401: EMERGING TRENDS IN INDIAN EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20 AND END-SEMESTER 80)**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. explain the need of constitutional provisions for education, and the role of constitution in equalizing educational opportunities in the diverse Indian Society.

	2.7.1 Need and Challenges of Professional Education in India		1		
III	3.0. ESSENTIAL PERSPECTIVES OF INDIAN EDUCATION 3.1.Environmental Education: 3.1.1. Meaning & Objectives of Environmental Education 3.1.2. Challenges of Environmental Education. 3.2.Women Education: 3.2.1. Importance & Challenges of Women Education in India. 3.3. Inclusive Education: 3.3.1. Concept, Objectives & Challenges of Inclusive Education, 3.3.2. Role of RCI, PWD act in addressing Inclusive education 3.4. Alternative Education: 3.4.1. Concept, Need of alternative schooling at Elementary, Secondary and Higher Level, 3.4.2. Development and Challenges of Distance Education 3.5. Adult Education: 3.5.1. Concept & Challenges of Adult education 3.5.2. Initiatives for Adult education: Adult literacy mission, Sakshar Bharat. 3.6. Population Education: 3.6.1. Concept & Challenges of Population Education 3.6.2. Role of Education in addressing the challenge of population explosion 3.7. Human Rights Education: 3.7.1. Concept of Human Rights education 3.7.2. Role of National Commissions for Protection of Childs Rights (NCPCR) 3.8. Value and Peace Education: 3.8.1. Concept of Value & Peace education 3.8.2. Role of education in promotion of Value & peace in Society.	16	(15)		1
IV	4.0. Emerging ISSUES IN EDUCATION 4.1. ICT based teaching learning: 4.1.1. Concept & Challenges of ICT based Education 4.1.2. ICT devices used in curriculum transaction 4.2. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation: 4.2.1. Concept & nature of CCE	16	(12)		4

	4.2.2. Tools & Techniques of CCE		1		
	4.3. Education and National development:				
	4.3.1. Education as a development indicator.		1		
	4.3.2. Role of Education in Human Resource Development.		1		
	4.4. Issues of Curriculum:				
	4.4.1 Aims of education & curriculum with reference to NCF 2005		1		
	4.4.2 Challenges of curriculum construction at Elementary and Secondary level		2		
	4.5. Privatization and Commercialization in Indian Education:				
	4.5.1. Concept of Privatization and Commercialization of Education		2		
	4.5.2. Impact of Privatization and Commercialization in Indian Education		1		
V	5.0. Education in Present Social Context	16	(12)		4
	5.1.Role of education in addressing-				
	5.1.1. Youth unrest		1		
	5.1.2. AIDs		1		
	5.1.3. Substance abuse		1		
	5.1.4. Health and Hygiene		1		
	5.2. Student politics		1		
	5.3. Role of international agencies in Education				
	5.3.1. Concepts of Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)		2		
	5.3.2. Concept and importance of Education for All (EFA)		2		
	5.3.3. Education in the context of Liberalization, Privatization & Globalization (LPG)		2		
	5.3.4. Role of UNESCO and UNICEF in educating the world community		1		
	Total	80	66		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- a. Group discussions on any one of the topics of the course
- b. Debate on the topics like youth unrest, AIDs, Substance abuse, Health and Hygiene
- c. Identifying challenges of Indian Education and preparing assignment on the suggestions to address these challenges.
- d. Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Kochhar, S.K.: *Pivotal Issues in Indian Education*, Sterling Publishers.
2. Bhatnagar, S. & Saxena A.: *Modern Indian Education and its Problems*, R. Lall Book Depot, Meerut (UP) India.
3. Agrawal, J.C. & Agrawal S.P. (1992). *Role of UNESCO in Educational*, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi.
4. Govt. of India (1986). *National Policy on Education*, Ministry of HRD, New Delhi.
5. NCERT (1986). *School Education in India – Present Status and Future Needs*, New Delhi.

6. Salamatullah, (1979). *Education in Social Context*, NCERT, New Delhi.
7. *Education and National Development*. Ministry of Education, Government of India 1966.
8. UNESCO. (2004) *Education for All: The Quality Imperative. EFA Global Monitoring Report*. Paris.
9. World Bank, (2004). *Reaching the Child: An Integrated Approach to Child Development*. Oxford University Press, Delhi.
10. Peters, R.S. *The Concept of Education*, Routledge, UK 1967
11. Lakshmi, T.K.S. and M.S. Yadav, “*Education its Evolving Characteristics*”, in new Frontiers in Education, Vol. XXII, No. 4, Oct-Dec., 1992
12. Goswami A.C. *Philosophical and Sociological Bases of Education in Emerging India*, Published by Jyoti Prakashan, 2001.
13. Safaya, Srivastava & Singh, *Development of Education in Emerging India & Its Current Problems* published by Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 2007
14. Sarma. M. *Philosophical & Sociological Foundation of Education*, published by EBH Publishers (India) 2012.
15. *Handbook of Research in the Social Foundations of Education*, edited by Steven Tozer, Bernardo P. Gallegos, Annette Henry, Mary Bushnell Greine published by Routledge, New York, 2011
16. Aggarwal, J.C. *Psychological Philosophical And Sociological Foundations of Education* published by Shipra Publications, 2009
17. Dhawan M.L. *Issues in Indian Education* ISHA books Delhi -110 033
18. NCERT (1986). *School Education in India – Present Status and Future Needs*, New Delhi.
19. Govt of India (1992) *Report of Core group on value orientation to education*, Planning Commission
20. Arvind Kumar (2003). *Environmental challenges of the 21st century*, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
21. Kaushik & Kaushik: *Environmental Perspectives*,
22. Mukherji, S.M., (1966). *History of Education in India*, Acharya Book Depot, Baroda.
23. Ministry of Law and Justice (2009) *Right to Education*. Govt. of India

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN501: GREAT EDUCATORS AND EDUCATIONAL THOUGHT
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]

Expected Learning Outcomes: After completion of the Course, the students will be able to-

1. describe the contribution of the given philosophers in the domain of education
2. explain the relevance of the educational thought of the given philosophers

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	<p>ANCIENT INDIAN EDUCATORS AND EDUCATIONAL THOUGHTS</p> <p>1.1 Shankaracharya:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic tenets of Shankaracharya's Advaita Vedanta • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of teacher, place of child and discipline in Shankar's educational philosophy <p>1.2 Yagyavalkya:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yagyavalkya and Indian Idealism (concept of soul and absolute soul) • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of teacher, place of child and discipline in Yagyavalkya's educational philosophy <p>1.3 Sankardeva</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sankardeva's philosophy of life • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of teacher, place of child and discipline in Sankardeva's educational philosophy • Institutions and means of education 	16	(12)		3
II	<p>MODERN INDIAN EDUCATORS AND EDUCATIONAL THOUGHTS</p> <p>2.1 Rabindra Nath Tagore</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tagore's philosophy of life • Basic principles of Tagore's educational philosophy • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching and discipline in Tagore's educational philosophy • Evaluation of Tagore's philosophy of education <p>2.2 Vivekananda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vivekananda's philosophy of life • Basic principles of Vivekananda's educational philosophy • Concept of Man making and Nation building education • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of teacher, place of child and discipline in Vivekananda's educational philosophy • Evaluation of Vivekananda's philosophy of education 	16	(19)		3

	<p>2.3 M. K. Gandhi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gandhi's philosophy of life • Basic principles of Gandhi's educational philosophy • Concept and background of Basic education • Aim of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of teacher, place of child and discipline in Gandhi's educational philosophy • Relevance of Gandhi's philosophy of education 		1 1 1 1 2 1		
III	<p>WESTERN EDUCATORS AND EDUCATIONAL THOUGHTS (Idealist and Naturalist thinkers)</p> <p>3.1 Plato</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sources of knowledge • Plato's philosophy of life • Functions of education according to Plato • Forms and programmes of education according to Plato • Impacts of Plato's Idealism in present education <p>3.2 Jean Jacques Rousseau</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Naturalism of Rousseau • Negative education of Rousseau • Stages of human development according to Rousseau • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of a child and discipline in Rousseau's educational philosophy • Impact of Rousseau's Naturalism in present education 	16	(14)		2
IV	<p>WESTERN EDUCATORS AND EDUCATIONAL THOUGHTS (Pragmatist, Existentialist and Modern thinkers)</p> <p>1.1 John Dewey</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dewey's Experimental school • Concept of education according to Dewey • Aims of education, curriculum, methods of teaching, place of a child, place of a teacher and discipline in Dewey's Pragmatism • Relevance of Dewey's Pragmatism <p>1.2 Jacques Derrida</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of Deconstruction • Derrida's basic ideas on education • Derrida's reaction to Rousseau's Naturalism and Idealism <p>1.3 Jean Paul Sartre</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sartre's Philosophy of life • Sartre's idea of freedom and individualism 	16	(14)		3

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Educational implications of these two ideas 		2 1		
V	ALTERNATIVES IN EDUCATION AND THE THINKERS 5.1 Ivan Illich <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Illich's criticism of present education Concept of de-schooling of Illich Illich's educational thoughts Relevance of Illich's thought 5.2 Paulo Freire <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Freire's criticism of present education Freire's alternative thoughts to present education Relevance of Freire's thoughts 	16	(11)		3
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- a. Group discussions on the educational thoughts of the given philosophers.
- b. Debates on the relevance of the educational thoughts of the given philosophers.
- c. Presentation of seminar papers on the educational thoughts of the given philosophers.
- d. Assignment on any topic of the course.

B. Sessional Test:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Adhiswarananda, S. (2006). *Vivekananda World Teacher*. New Delhi: Rupa.

2. Agarwal, Somnath, (2007). *Philosophical Foundation of Education*. Delhi: Authorspress
3. Bhatia, K. and Baldev Bhatia, (1994). *The Philosophical and Sociological Foundation of Education*. Delhi: Doaba House.
4. Chandra, S. S. & R. K. Sharma (2006). *Philosophy of Education*. Delhi: Atlantic Publisher.
5. Dewey John (2014). *Democracy and Education*. New Delhi: Aakar Books
6. Dewey John (1941). *Schools and Society*. New York: George Putnam Sons.
7. Flew, Antony (1989). *An Introduction to Western Philosophy: Ideas and Argument from Plato to Popper*. London: Thames & Hudson Ltd.
8. Freire, Paulo, (1972). *Pedagogy of the Oppressed*. Penguin Books.
9. Gandhi, M. K. (1977). *The Collected Works*. Ahmedabad: Navajivan.
10. Gandhi, M. K. (1962). *True Education*. Ahmedabad: Navajivan.
11. Illich, Ivan, (2012). *Deschooling Society*. Marion Books: Newyork.
12. Rusk R, Robert (2007). *Philosophical Bases of Education*. Delhi: Surjeet Publications.
13. Sengupta, Ira(2012). *A Short History of Western Philosophy*. Kolkata: New Central Book Agency.
14. Singh, Y. K. (2007). *Philosophical Foundation of Education*. APH Publishing Corporation.

EDDSEN502: MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION IN EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. explain the meaning, nature, scope, need and types of measurement and evaluation in education.
2. describe the meaning of psychological tests, their characteristics and process of construction.
3. describe some specific tools to measure achievement, intelligence, personality and aptitude.
4. describe the meaning and nature of different statistical measures.
5. use statistics in measurement and evaluation in education

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	CONCEPT OF MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION IN EDUCATION: 1.1 Meaning, nature, scope and importance of Measurement and Evaluation in Education 1.2 Relation between Measurement and Evaluation 1.3 Psychological and Physical Measurement 1.4 Principles of Evaluation 1.5 Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation 1.6 Formative and Summative Evaluation 1.7 Diagnostic and Prognostic Evaluation	16	(12)		1
II	PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS: 1.1 Meaning of Psychological Test 1.2 Classification of tests: a) On the basis of the administrative conditions: Individual test and Group test b) On the basis of scoring: Objective test and Subjective test c) On the basis of the time limit for response: Power test and Speed test d) On the basis of the nature of items: Verbal test, Nonverbal test and performance test e) On the basis of the nature of response: Oral test and written test; Selection type and Supply type tests f) On the basis of objectives: Intelligence test, Achievement test, Aptitude test and Personality test g) On the basis of standardization: Teacher-made test and Standardized test 2.3.Characteristics of a good test: Objectivity, Reliability, Validity, Norms and Administerability	16	(12)		1
III	SOME SPECIFIC PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS: 3.1 Achievement Test: Construction and Standardization of Teacher-made test and Standardized test (Preparation of Design and Blue-print, Item	16	(14)		2

	writing, Item analysis, Estimating reliability, validity and norms) 3.2 Intelligence Test: Binet-Simon Scale and its different revisions (1905, 1908, 1911, 1966, 1937) 3.3 Aptitude Test: Differential Aptitude test, Specific Aptitude Tests (Artistic Aptitude Test and Professional Aptitude Test) 3.4 Personality Assessment: a) Self report inventories, b) Observational methods and c) Projective Techniques: Word Association test, Rorschach Inkblot test and Thematic Apperception Test (TAT)				
IV	STATISTICS IN EDUCATION: 4.1 Educational Statistics: Meaning, nature and scope 4.2 Types of data: Enumeration and Measurement data, Grouped data and Ungrouped data 4.3 Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; their relative merits and demerits, computation and application in education 4.4 Measures of Variability: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation; their relative merits and demerits, computation and application in education	16	(16)		5
V	PRESENTATION OF DATA: 5.1 Variable: Concept, Discrete and Continuous variables 5.2 Graphical representation of Data and its uses: Pie-diagram, Bar diagram, Histogram, Frequency polygon, Cumulative Frequency Curve and Ogive. 5.3 Normal Probability Curve: Properties and uses of Normal Probability Curve; Divergence from normality – Skewness and Kurtosis. 5.4 Correlation: Positive and Negative Correlation; Computation of Coefficients of Correlation by Rank Difference method and Product Moment method (only for ungrouped data)	16	(16)		5
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following):Marks:5

- Preparation of Design and Blue Print of an Achievement Test (Question Paper)
- Preparation of an Achievement Test (Question Paper).
- Organization and graphical representation of data on achievement of students collected from schools.
- Computation of Measures of Central Tendency of data on achievement of students collected from schools.
- Computation of Measures of Variability of data on achievement of students collected from schools.
- Preparation of a questionnaire and / or Interview schedule.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Anastasi A and Urbina S., *Psychological Testing*, PHI Learning Private Limited New Delhi-110001, 2012
2. Aron A., Aron E. A. and Coups E., *Statistics for Psychology*, Pearson Education, Inc. and Dorling Kindersley Publishing, Inc., New Delhi, First Impression 2007
3. Asthana & Agarwal: *Measurement & Evaluation in Psychology and Education*.
4. Bhuyan, S. and Bhuyan, N. *Soikhhik Porimapon aru Soikhhik Porisankhya Bigyan*
5. Ebel, R.L.: *Measuring Educational Achievement* ; Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
6. Freeman Frank S. , *Theory & Practice of Psychological Testing; New Yark; Holt, Rinehart & Winston*
7. Garrett, Henry E and Woodworth R.S., - *Statistics in Psychology and Education*, Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd, Bombay -38, 1981.
8. Guilford J.P. - *Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education*, McGraw Hill Book Company Inc. New York, 1956
9. Minden Dr Jack Jr Van, *All About Psychological Tests and Assessment Centres*, Indiana Publishing House, New Delhi-110002, First Indiana Edition 2008
10. Rajput, S., Singh, A., Pandit, B.L., Tiwari, A.D. and Kumar, S. , *Handbook on Paper Setting*, NCERT, 2002
11. Sarmah, H.K. *Parisankhys Bigyan aru Manoboigyanic Parimapan*
12. Sarmah, M.K. *Saikhik Porimapon aru Porisankhya Bigyan*
13. Sibia A., *Valuing Teacher Questioning*, NCERT, New Delhi-110016, 2002
14. Singh A., *Instructional Objectives of School Subjects*, NCERT, New Delhi-110016, 2004
15. Singh A.K.: *Tests, Measurement and Research Methods in Behavioural Science*; Bharati bhawan , Patna -800003, 2012 print
16. Thorndike , R.L. & Hagen , E.P: *Measurment & Evaluation in Psychology & Education*; John Wiley & Sons; New York.

B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON-HONOURS)
EDDSEN503 / GEEDN501: EDUCATION IN PRE-INDEPENDENT INDIA
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. explain the concept of education in the context of Indian heritage.
2. describe the education in ancient India, particularly Vedic Education and Buddhist Education.
3. critically examine the education system in Medieval India.
4. evaluate the education system during British period with special emphasis on the commissions and committees.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	<p>Educational Heritage of India</p> <p>1.1 Education in Ancient India (Vedic and Buddhist Period) with special reference to its:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Salient Features - Aims and Objectives - System of Administration and Finance - Method of Teaching - Types of Organisation of Educational Institution - Curriculum - Teacher-Pupil Relationship - Women's Education during Vedic and Buddhist Period. <p>1.2 Education in Medieval India (Islamic System of Education) with special reference to its:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Salient Features. - Aims and Objectives. - System of Administration and Finance. - Types of Organisation of Educational Institution. - Curriculum. - Women Education during Islamic Period. <p>1.3 Comparison among the Vedic, Buddhist and Islamic education system.</p>	20	(17)		5
II	<p>Education during British Period</p> <p>2.1 Indigenous System of Education during British rule:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Meaning of indigenous education. - Types of indigenous educational institution. - Causes of downfall of Indigenous education. <p>2.2 Educational activities of Missionaries in India</p>	20	(18)		3

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Portuguese - The Danish - The Dutch - The French - The British <p>2.3 Centres of Missionary Education in India.</p> <p>2.4 Educational activities of Missionaries in Assam</p> <p>2.5 Educational activities of East India Company</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Charter Act, 1813 - Orientalist and Anglicist Controversy - Macaulay's Minute, 1835 - Bentinck's declaration of educational policy 		3		
			1		
			1		
			2		
			2		
			2		
			1		
			1		
III	<p>Growth and Development of Education from 1854 to 1921</p> <p>3.1 Wood's Despatch 1854</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Background of the Despatch. - Recommendations. - Assessments of Wood Despatch. <p>3.2 Hunter's Commission, 1882</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Background for setting up of the commission. - Recommendations (Primary, Secondary Higher, Indigenous education, Grant in aid, Women education). - Assessment of Hunter Commission <p>3.3 Lord Curzon's Educational Policy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shimla Educational Conference - Curzon's Policy on Primary education - Curzon's Policy on Secondary education - Curzon's Policy on Higher education <p>3.4 The Indian University Commission, 1902</p> <p>3.5 University Act, 1904</p> <p>3.6 National Movement / Rise of Nationalism</p> <p>3.7 Gokhale's Bill on Primary Education (1910-12)</p> <p>3.8 Government resolution on Educational policy, 1913</p> <p>3.9 Calcutta University Commission, 1917</p>	20	(19)		2
			2		
			4		
			3		
			1		
			2		
			2		
			2		
			1		
			2		
IV	<p>Growth and Development of Education from 1921 to 1947</p> <p>4.1 Education under Dyarchy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Primary Education - Secondary Education -Expansion of education <p>4.2 Simon Commission</p> <p>4.3 Government of India Act of 1921</p> <p>4.4 Hartog Committee Report 1929</p>	20	(18)		2
			3		
			1		
			1		
			2		

4.5 Wardha Scheme of Basic Education, 1937				
- Wardha Education Conference 1937		1		
- Salient features of Basic Education		2		
- Causes of failure of this education in India		1		
4.6 Wood Abbot Report 1937		2		
4.7 Sargent Committee Report, 1944				
- Recommendations on Pre-primary, Primary, Secondary, University, teacher training, technical and vocational education		4		
- Assessment of the Sargent Committee Report		1		
	80	72		12

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

D. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- Group discussions on Indian Education during Vedic, Buddhist and Islamic period.
- Debate on controversies and issues of education in different periods.
- Report on institutions having indigenous features.
- Assignment on any one of the contents of the course.

E. Sessional Test

Marks 10

F. Attendance:

Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Aggarwal, J.C. (2010). Development and Planning of Modern Education. New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd.
- Aggarwal, J.C. (). Development of Educational System in India, New Delhi : Shipra Publications
- Altekar, A. S. (2001). Education in Ancient India, Isha Book
- Bhatia, R.L., & B.N. Ahuja (2000). Modern Indian Education and its problems. New Delhi: Surjeet publication.
- Bhatnagar, S. & M. Mullick ().
- Baruah, Jatin, (2008). *Bharatar Sikhar Itihasar Adhayan*. Guwahati: Lawyers' Book Stall.
- Chand, J. (). Education in India during British Period, New Delhi : Shipra Publications
- Chand, J. (). Education in Ancient and Medieval India, New Delhi : Shipra Publications
- Chaube, S.P. (1980). History and Problems of Indian Education, Agra: Agarwal Publications
- Chaube, S.P and A. Chaube (1999). Education in Ancient and Medieval India, New Delhi : S. Chand
- Chatterjee, Mitali (1999). Education in Ancient India, : D. K. Printworld (P) Ltd.
- Key, F. E. (1918). Ancient Indian Education (Origin, Development and Ideals). Oxford University Press
- Nayak, B.K. (2012). History Heritage and Development of Indian Education .New Delhi: Axis Books Pvt.Ltd.

14. Nurullah, S. and Naik, J. P. (2016) . A Students' History of Education in India (1800-1973). Bombay: Macmillan India Ltd.
15. [Nurullah](#) , S. & [J. P. Naik](#), J.P (1971).A History of Education in India (during the British Period), 2 rep. Macmillan India Ltd
16. Mazumder, N. N. (). A History of Education in Ancient India – Primary Source Edition, Nabu Press
17. Mukharjee, S.N. (2014). Education in India Today and Tomorrow, Vinod Pustak Mandir.
18. Purkait, B. R (2012). Milestones in Modern Indian Education, New Delhi : New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.
19. Rajput, J. S. (2004). Encyclopaedia of Indian Education , New Delhi : NCERT
20. Rawat, P.L., (n.d.). History of Indian Education, Agra: Ram Prasad & Sons.
21. Sarma, M.K. (2013). *Bharatar Sikhar Itihas*, Dibrugarh: Banalata.
22. Sarma, Deka, Mishra & Chakravarty. (0000) *Snatak Mahalar Bharatar Sikhar Itihas*, Guwahati
23. Sharma, R. N. & R. K. Sharma, (2004). History of Education in India. Atlantic
24. Sharma, T.K. (2008) . *Bharatar Sikha Bikasar Ithihas aru Samasyawli*. Dibrugarh: Banalata.
25. Sharma, T.K & Goswami, R.K. (2009). *Bharatar Sikhar Buranjee*. Dibrugarh: Banalata.

B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN504: EDUCATION IN WORLD PERSPECTIVE
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20 AND END-SEMESTER 80)

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to :

1. explain the meaning and definition, nature, scope and purpose of comparative education.
2. describe the factors influencing in national system of education.
3. describe the methods of comparative education.
4. explain the organization, administration, objectives and examination systems of the countries.
5. describe the vocational and teacher education of different countries, specially UK, USA, India and Japan.
6. explain the open education in world perspective.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	<p>Importance of studying national system of education</p> <p>1.1 Nature and scope of studying National Systems of Education</p> <p>1.2 Factors influencing a national system of education</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geographical factor. • Philosophical factor • Social factor. • Political factor. • Economical factor. • Historical factor. • Religious factor. • Racial factor. • Linguistic factor. • Secular factor <p>1.3 Aims and Objectives of National System of Education with respect to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -USA -UK -Japan -India 	20	(16)		
			2		
			4		
			2		
			6		
			2		
			4		
					4

II	<p>2.1 Historical perspective of the development of the study:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Travellers' tales. • Educational problems • Interaction of society and education. • Quantitative approach. • Scientific approach <p>2.2 Methods of studying National Systems of Education</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Descriptive method. • Historical method. • Sociological method. • Statistical method. • Psychological method. • Scientific method. 	20	(16) 6			
III	<p>Development of education with respect to Salient features, organization, administration and Curriculum of Primary/ Elementary, Secondary and Higher education in</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UK • USA • India • Japan 	20	(17) 5 5 5 5			4
IV	<p>Development of education in UK, USA, India and Japan (with reference to organization, curriculum and evaluation) in context of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical and Vocational education • Teacher education • Open and Distance education • Women Education 	20	(17) 4 4 2			5
Total		80	66			18

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- Presentation of Seminar paper on the educational aspects of U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.
- Debate on the educational issues and challenges of U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.
- Group Discussion on the issues and challenges of U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.
- Writing a report on the similar or common elements of the educational systems of U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.
- Writing a report on the contrasting elements of the educational systems of U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.
- Reviewing and Writing Report on *at least one* article published on current educational issues of the countries-U.S.A., U.K., Japan and India.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Bereday, G.Z.F. (1964). *Comparative Method in Education* . New York, Holt, Rinehart and Winston .
2. Biswas, A & Aggarwal, J.C. (1986). *Comparative Education* . New Delhi, Arya Book Depot.
3. Chaube, S.P.(2006). *Features of Comparative Education* . Agra, Vinod Pustak Mandir .
4. Deka,K.K.(1998). *Tulanamulak Siksha*. Dibrugarh, Banalata Prakashan,
5. Hans, N.A. (1949). *Comparative Education: A Study of Educational Factors and Traditions*. London, U.K., Routledge & Kegan Paul.
6. Holmes,B. (1965). *Problems in Education: A Comparative Approach*. London , Routledge & Kegan Paul.
7. Kandel, I. (1933). *Comparative Education* . Boston, Mass Houghton Mifflin .
8. Khanna,S.D., Saxena, V.K., Lamba, T.P., & Murthy, V. (2000). *Comparative Education* . Delhi , Doaba House Booksellers & Publishers.
9. King, E.J. (1962). *World Perspective in Education* .London, Methuen.
10. King, E.J. (1970). *Society, Schools and Progress in the U.S.A*. London, Oxford University Press.
11. Mallinson,V. (1975). *Introduction to the Study of Comparative Education* . Heinemann Educational Books .
12. Mukherji,S.N. (1969). *Education in India: Today and Tomorrow*. Vadodara, Acharya Book Depot.
13. Nath, S.(1986) .*Contemporary Concerns in Education* . Bhubaneswar, Mayur Publishers.
14. Pandey,R.S.(2015). *Education in Emerging Indian Society* . Agra, Agrawal Publication.
15. Rai, B.C. (1968). *Comparative Education* . Lucknow, Prakashan Kendra.
16. Rapple, B. (1989). Matthew Arnold and Comparative Education . *British Journal of Educational Studies* . 37(1) , 54-71. DOI: 10.2307/3121356.
17. Sodhi, T.S.(1983). *Textbook of Comparative Education* . New Delhi,Vikas Publishing House.
18. Tretheway,A.R. (1976). *Introducing Comparative Education* . Pergamon .
19. Ulich, R.(1961). *The Education of Nations*. Cambridge, Harvard University Press.
20. Watson, K. & Wilson, R. (1985). *Contemporary Issues in Comparative Education*. London, Croon & Helm.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN505 / GEEDN502: GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to :

1. describe meaning, nature, purpose and scope of guidance and counselling.
2. describe the characteristics and functions of guidance and counselling.
3. state the basic principles of guidance and counselling.
4. explain the types and areas of guidance and counselling.
5. use various tools and techniques of guidance in appropriate context.
6. explain the qualities and role of a counsellor.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	<p>Guidance:</p> <p>1.1 Meaning, Nature, Definition and Scope of Guidance 1.2 Aims and Objectives of Guidance 1.3 Need of Guidance 1.4 Principles of Guidance 1.5 Philosophical, Psychological and Sociological bases of Guidance. 1.6 Types of Guidance :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal guidance & Social guidance • Educational guidance • Vocational guidance • Health guidance • Individual and Group Guidance <p>Guidance at Various Levels:</p> <p>1.7 Guidance at Pre-school education 1.8 Guidance at Elementary education level 1.9 Guidance at Secondary education level 1.10 Guidance at Higher education level 1.11 Importance of good guidance programme</p>	16	2 1 1 1 3 5 5 1		3
II	<p>Counselling</p> <p>2.1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of Counselling 2.2 Characteristics of good counselling process 2.3 Principles of Counselling 2.4 Types of Counselling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Directive Counselling • Non-directive Counselling • Eclectic Counselling <p>2.5 Counselling for adjustment 2.6 Relationship between Guidance, Counselling and Teaching 2.7 Role of Counsellor, Parents and Teachers in Secondary School.</p>	16	2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1		3

	2.8 Concept of Occupational information, dissemination of occupation information and career counselling		2		
III	Tools and techniques of Guidance: 3.1 Basic concept of tools and techniques of Guidance 3.2 Types of Guidance techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counselling (Individual and group) 3.3 Organization of guidance services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Placement Services • Follow Up Services 3.4 Organization of counselling services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Centralization • Decentralization • Mixed form of counselling services 3.5 Basic tools of counselling services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Psychological test • Interview • Observation • Check list • Sociometry • Cumulative record card 	16	1 1 2 3 5		3
IV	Educational and Vocational Guidance: 4.1 Meaning and definition of Educational Guidance 4.2 Meaning and definition of Vocational Guidance 4.3 Characteristics of Educational and Vocational Guidance 4.4 Relationship between Educational and Vocational Guidance 4.5 Role of Vocational guidance in Occupational adjustment 4.6 Challenges and issues of guidance and counselling 4.7 Role of guidance and counselling for special groups	16	2 1 1 1 1 2 2		3
V	ORGANIZATION OF GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING PROGRAMME 5.1 Principles of Organization of Guidance and counselling services at- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elementary Level • Secondary Level • Higher Level 5.2 Qualities of a good counsellor 5.3 Role of Counsellor in counselling process. 5.4 Role of Teachers, Headmaster and Parents in Guidance and Counselling 5.5 Essentials information for Guidance and Counselling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal information-physical, intellectual, personality and academic achievement. • Educational information-scope and opportunity available. 	16	6 1 1 3 4		2
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- Group discussion on any one of the topics of the course.
- Seminar on any one of the topics of the course.
- Debate on any one of the topics of the course.
- Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

Suggested Readings :

1. Agarwala, R.(2006) . *Educational, vocational guidance and counseling* . New Delhi: Sipra Publication .
2. Bhatnagar, A and Gupta, N.(1999). *Guidance and Counselling – A Theoretical Approach*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing house.
3. Gibson, Mitchell M, (1999). *Introduction to Counselling and Guidance*. University of Michigan: Merrill.
4. Gogoi, K.P. (2015). *A Text Book on Guidance & Counselling*. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishing House.
5. Jones, A. J. (1951). *Principles of guidance and pupil personnel work*. New York:McGraw-Hill.
6. Kochhar, S.K.(1985). *Educational and Vocational Guidance in secondary schools*. New Delhi: Sterling Publisher.
7. Berdie, R.F.(1963). *Testing in Guidance and Counselling*. New York: Mc Graw Hill.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN506 / GEEDN503: VALUE EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to :

1. explain the concepts of values and value education.
2. describe the importance of value education in the 21st century.
3. describe the need of values in creating a better world.
4. explain the promotion of value through education.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	T	P
I	VALUES: 1.1 Concept, meaning and definition of values 1.2 Types of values: • Instrumental values 1.2.2 Intrinsic values and 1.2.3 Democratic values. 1.3 Functions of values 1.4 Sources of values: 1.4.1 Socio- cultural tradition 1.4.2 Religion and 1.4.3 Constitution (Indian Constitution) 1.5 Fostering values: Role of – 1.5.1 Parents 1.5.2 Teachers 1.5.3 Peer groups 1.5.4 Religion 1.5.5 Government 1.5.6 Mass media and 1.5.7 Voluntary organizations.	20	3 3 2 3 6	3	
II	VALUE EDUCATION 2.1 Meaning of Value Education 2.2 Objectives of Value Education 2.3 Dimensions of Value Education: 2.3.1 Religious 2.3.2 Spatial 2.3.3 Cognitive, Affective and Psychomotor dimensions. 2.4 Importance of value education in the 21 st century. 2.5 Policy perspective on Value Education in India. 2.6 Methods and techniques of value education: 2.6.1 Practical method 2.6.2 Conceptual method 2.6.3 Biographical method 2.6.4 Storytelling technique 2.6.5 Socialized class technique	20	1 1 4 1 2 6	3	

	2.6.6 Discussion technique. 2.7 Role of the Teacher and School in promoting Value Education.		2		
III	PHILOSOPHICAL ISSUES OF VALUE EDUCATION 3.1 The varieties of values: 3.1.1 Moral Education (Gandhi) 3.1.2 Spiritual Education (Aurobindo) 3.1.3 Aesthetic Education (Tagore)	10	6	4	
IV	PEACE EDUCATION: 4.1 Meaning and concept 4.2 Objectives of Peace education 4.3 Pedagogy of Peace Education: 4.3.1 Self learning 4.3.2 Cooperative learning 4.3.3 Problem solving 4.4 Integrating Peace education in the curriculum: 4.4.1 Subject content 4.4.2 Teaching methods 4.4.3 Co-curricular activities 4.4.4 Staff development 4.4.5 Classroom management and 4.4.6 School management. 4.5 Imparting Peace Education: Role of - 4.5.1 Teacher 4.5.2 Principle 4.5.3 Parents	20	1 1 4 6 4	4	
V	COMPONENTS OF DEVELOPMENT AND EXCELLENCE IN LIFE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Integrity • Character • Spirituality • Positive thinking • Self- esteem • Stress free living • Self managing leadership • Perseverance 	10	5	5	
		80	61	19	

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- a. Carry out a survey of the Colleges/ Secondary Schools to identify the values most preferred and practiced by students.
- b. Carry out a survey of their local community and identify the steps taken by parents in promoting peace in society.
- c. Analyze Secondary School textbooks to identify the type of values and peace promoted through the content.
- d. Analysis of contents of advertisement, TV serials, movies to identify the gap between the values promoted by them and those promoted by the society.
- e. Group discussion/Seminar/Debate/Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.

B. Sessional Tests:
C. Attendance:

Marks 10
Marks 5

Suggested readings:

1. Singh, Y. K. (2009). Value education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
2. Venkataiah, (2009). Value education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
3. Chadha, S. C. (2008). Education value & value education. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.
4. Sharma, R. A. (2008). Human value of education. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.
5. Singh, Y. K., & Natha, R. (2008). Value Education. New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
6. Chand, J. (2007). Value Education. Delhi: Anshah publishing House.
7. Aggarwal, J. C. (2005). Education for values, environment and human rights. New Delhi: Shipra publication.
8. Jagannath, M. (2005). Teaching of moral values development. New Delhi: Deep and Deep publication.
9. Shukla, R. P. (2004). Value education and human rights. New Delhi: Sarup and sons.
10. Morrison, M. L. (2003). Peace education. Australia: McFarland.
11. Salomon, G., & Nevo, B. (2002). Peace Education: The concept, principles, and practices around the world. London: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.
12. Passi, B. K., & Singh, P. (1999). Value education. Agra: Agra Psychological corporation.
13. Venkataiah, N. (1998). Value Education. New Delhi: Aph Publishing Corporation.
14. Adans, D. (Ed). (1997). Unesco and a culture of peace, promoting a global movement. Paris: UNESCO Publication.
15. Johan, G.(1996). Peace by peaceful means. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
16. Kumar, M. (Ed). (1994). Non-violence, contemporary issues and challenges. New Delhi: Gandhi peace foundation.
17. Subramanian, K. (1990). Value Education. Madurai: Ravana Publication.
18. Ruhela, S. P. (1986). Human values and education. New Delhi: Sterling publishing.
19. Diwaha, R. R., & Agarwal, M. (Ed). (1984). Peace education. New Delhi: Gandhi Marg.

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN507: INCLUSIVE EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20 AND END-SEMESTER 80)

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. explain the concept of special education, integrated education, and inclusive education.
2. discuss the global and national commitments towards the education of children with diverse needs.
3. appreciate the need for promoting inclusive practice and the roles and responsibilities of all concerned personnel.
4. analyse critically the recommendations of various commissions and committees towards teacher preparation for inclusive education.
5. describe the nature of difficulties encountered by children and in preparing conducive teaching learning environment in inclusive schools.
6. identify existing support services for promoting inclusive practice.
7. describe the policy perspectives related to education of socially disadvantaged section in India.
8. describe the schemes and programmes for education of socially disadvantaged groups.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	M	L	P	T
I	Understanding Children with Diverse Needs 1.1 Concept and Nature of Children with Diverse Needs 1.2 Types and Characteristics of- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Children with Visual impairment, • Children with Hearing Impairment, • Children with Intellectual Disability, • Children with Specific Learning Disability • Children with Cerebral Palsy • Children with Autistic Disorder • Children with Multiple Disabilities • Children from Other Disadvantaged or Marginalized Areas of Group (Girls, SC, ST, Minorities, Street and Working Children etc.) 	20	(17) 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 6		3
II	Introduction to Inclusive Education: 2.1 Changing Concept and Nature of Special Education. 2.2 Concept and Nature of Inclusion 2.3 Need and importance of inclusion 2.4 Classification of inclusion- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical, • Social and • Cognitive inclusion. 2.5 Inclusive Education- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept and Nature of Inclusive education • Objectives of Inclusive Education • Need and importance of Inclusive Education 	18	(15) 2 1 1 1 3		2

	2.6 Historical development of Inclusive Education in India and Abroad (Special, Integrated and Inclusive Education).		3		
	2.7 Barriers of Children with Diverse Needs to learning and participation		2		
	2.8 Strategies to overcome the barriers to learning and participation for children with diverse Needs		2		
III	Policies and Legislations for Diverse Needs Education & Rehabilitation:	22	(20)		5
	3.1 International Policies and Legislations:		1		
	• Dakar: framework of action (2000)		1		
	• Millennium Development Goals (2000) to Indian Context.		2		
	• United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006.		2		
	3.2 National Policies and Legislations:		1		
	• National Policy on Education (1986) with reference to Program of Action (1992).		2		
	• Rehabilitation Council of India (RCI) Act, (1992).		2		
	• Persons with Disabilities (PWD) Act, 1995.		2		
	• National Trust Act, 1999.		1		
	• Right to Education Act, 2009.		2		
	• Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA).		2		
	• Rashtriya Madhyamic Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA).		2		
IV	Current Trends and Future Perspective:	20	(18)		4
	4.1 Concept of curriculum adaptations for children with diverse needs		1		
	4.2 Need of curriculum adaptations for children with diverse needs.		1		
	4.3 Curricular and Co-curricular activities for meeting diverse needs of children.		3		
	4.4 Role of the Agencies-		3		
	• Family				
	• Community and				
	• NGOs				
	4.5 Problems/constraints in education of socially disadvantaged children.		2		
	4.6 Addressing social group inequality-		2		
	• Multicultural Education				
	• Organisation and management of schools to address socio-cultural diversity.		2		
	• Teaching-learning process and support materials		2		
	• Schemes, programmes for education of socially disadvantaged section		2		
		80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- a. Group discussion/Seminar/Debate/Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.
- b. Preparation of status report on school education of children with diverse needs.
- c. Prepare a report based on field visit to a school/institution promoting inclusive practices.
- d. Prepare a report based on survey of the locality for early identification of children with disabilities.

G. Sessional Tests: Marks 10

H. Attendance: Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Baquer, A. and Sharma, A. (1997): *Disability: Challenges Vs. Responses*. CAN, New Delhi
2. Brelje, W. (1999): *Global Perspective on Education of the Deaf*. Selected countries, Butte Publication Inc. – USA.
3. Cruschank, W.M. (1975): *Psychology of Exceptional Children and Youth*. Englewood Cliffs N.J.: Prentice Hall
4. Dessent, T. (1987): *Making the Ordinary School Special*. The Falmer Press, London.
5. Evans, R.C. & MC Laughlin, P.(1993): *Recent Advances in Special Education and Rehabilitation*, Boston: Andover Medical Publishers
6. Evans, P & Verma, V. (1990): *Special Education- Past Present and Future (Ed)*. The Falmer Press London.
7. Friel, J. (1997): *Children with special needs*, Jessica Kingsley Publication, London
8. Guilford, P. (1971): *Special Education Needs*. Routledge Kagan Paul
9. Hollahan, D and Kauffman, J.M. (1978): *Exceptional Children: An Introduction to Special Education*. Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall.
10. Maclett R. and Katherine R. C. (2014). *Approaching Disability- Critical issues and perspectives*, Routledge Taylor and Francis Group, London.
11. McLeskey, J., Warldron, N. L., Spooner, F. and Algozzine, B. (2014). *Handbook of Effective Inclusive Schools (Research and Practice)*, Routledge Taylor and Francis Group, London.
12. Mangal, S.K. (2008): *Educating Exceptional Children: An Introduction to Special Education*, Prentice Hall of India (Pvt.) Ltd. New Delhi.
13. Panda, K.C. (2008): *Education of Exceptional Children*, Vikash Publishing House, New Delhi.
14. Pandey, R.S. and Advani, L. (1995): *Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitation*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
15. Richards, G. and Armstrong, F. (2016). *Teaching and Learning in Diverse and Inclusive Classrooms*, Routledge Taylor and Francis Group, London.
16. Sindelar, P.T., Mccray, E.D., Brownell, M.T. and Lignugaris, B. (2014). *Handbook on Research on Special Education Teacher Preparation*, Routledge Taylor and Francis Group, London.
17. Stephens, T.M. et al (1983): *Teaching Mainstream Students*. New York: John Wiley.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN508: MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to :

1. explain the need and importance of understanding the concepts of mental health and hygiene in the emerging society.
2. empathize with people having psychological and maladjustment problems.
3. describe the role of different agencies of society and their impacts on the development of an individual's personality.
4. describe the various components of positive psychology and its significance in the teaching learning processes.
5. integrate yoga in their day-to-day lives for holistic health.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	M	L	T	P
I	Fundamentals of Mental Health and Hygiene 1.1 Concept of Mental health 1.2 Criteria of a Mentally Healthy Person 1.3 Concept, Objectives, Goals and Principles of Mental Hygiene 1.4 History of development of Mental Health and Hygiene 1.5 Concept of Normality and Abnormality, Classification of Abnormal Behaviour 1.6 Characteristics of a Mentally Healthy Person	16	2 2 1 2 2 3 2	2	
II	Education and Mental Health 2.1 Principles of Good Mental Health 2.2 Factors Affecting Mental Health (Home, Society and school) 2.3 Adjustment: Concept and Processes 2.4 Maladjustment : Concept and Causes 2.5 Types of maladjustment 2.5.1 Frustration: concept and causes 2.5.2 Conflict: Concept, Types and Causes 2.6 Adjustment Mechanisms	16	3 2 2 4 3	2	
III	Mental Health and Agencies of Education 3.1 Home and Mental Health 3.2 Qualities of Healthy Home Environment 3.3 Child Rearing Practices and Personality Development 3.4 School and Mental Health 3.5 Teacher and Mental Health 3.6 Community and Mental Health	16	3 1 4 2 1 1	4	
IV	Positive Psychology 4.1 Introduction to concept of Positive Psychology 4.2 Nature and Scope of Positive Psychology 4.3 Developing in stakeholders the concepts of: 4.3.1 resilience 4.3.2 empathy 4.3.3 gratitude and forgiveness	16	2 3 6		10

	4.3.4 wellbeing 4.3.5 pursuit of happiness				
V	Yoga for Mental Health 5.1 Concept of Yoga 5.2 Yoga as the Scientific Method for the Development of Personality 5.3 Need of Yoga for physical and mental health 5.4 Concept of health, healing and disease: Yogic perspectives 5.5 Yogic principles for healthy living 5.6 Integrated approach of Yoga for management of health 5.7 <i>Pranayama</i> and Meditation for promoting mental health	16	1 1 2 3 1 1 1		12
		80	61	8	22

In-semester Assessment:

[Marks 20]

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- Individual and group assignment through self-study in the library on concerns of physical and mental health involving youth in general and students in particular
- Seminar presentations on any of the topics identified in the syllabus
- Observation of learning situations in a school and out of the schools
- Preparing reflective diaries by self-introspection on characteristics of positive psychology
- Interpretation, analysis and reflection on some common mental health concerns in society today
- Reflective discussions in a group of the concerns of different sections of population and their age-specific mental health problems

B. Sessional Test

Marks 10

C. Attendance

Marks 5

D. Suggested Readings

01. Akhilananda, Swami (1952). *Mental Health and Hindu Psychology*. London: Auen and Unwin.
02. Arkoff, Abe (1968). *Adjustment and Mental Health*. New York: McGraw Hill Company.
03. Auger, Rick (2011). *The School Counsellor's Mental Health Sourcebook*. New Delhi: Sage India Pvt.Ltd.
04. Bahadur, Mal (1995). *Mental Health in Theory and Practice*. Hoshiarpur: V.V.R.I.
05. Bernard, H. W., (1952). *Mental Hygiene for Class-room Teachers*. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.
06. Bhan, S., & Dutt, N.K. (1986). *Mental Health through Education*. New Delhi: Vision Books.
07. Bonny, M.E., (1960). *Mental Health in Education*. Boston: Allyn and Bacon Inc.
08. Capuzzi, David & Gross, D. R. (1995). *Introduction to Counselling*. London: Allyn and Bacon.
09. Carroll, Herbert, A. (1956). *Mental Hygiene: The Dynamic of Adjustment*. (3rd ed.). Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Inc.

10. Crow, Lester D., & Crow, Alice (1952). *Mental Hygiene*. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company Inc.
11. Dandapani, Dr. S. (2004). *A Textbook of Advanced Educational Psychology*. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
12. Dash, M & Dash, Neena (2003). *Fundamentals of Educational Psychology*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
13. Dollard, J., & Miller, N.E. (1970). *Personality and Psychotherapy*. Chicago: Aldine.
14. Garg, B.R. (2002). *An Introduction to Mental Health*. Amabala: Associate Publications.
15. Kundu, C.L., & Tutoo, D.N. (2005). *Educational Psychology*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
16. Sharma, R.A. (1995). *Fundamentals of Educational Psychology*. Meerut: R. Lall Book Depot.
17. Sharma, Ram Nath & Sharma R.K. (2006). *Advanced Educational Psychology*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers &
18. Distributors.
19. Sharma, Yogendra K (2004). *Textbook of Educational Psychology*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributors.
20. Sharma, Bharti (2004). *Psychological Foundation of Education*. New Delhi: Vohra Publishers & Distributors.

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION

DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN601: EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]

Expected Learning Outcomes:

On completion of the course, learners will be able to-

1. define the concept of Educational Management.
2. describe the types of management and modern trends of Educational management.
3. define the concept of educational leadership
4. explain the principles of educational leadership
5. describe the styles of leadership and its implication in educational leadership.
6. define the concept of educational planning and its importance
7. analyze the role and importance of educational supervision
8. suggest measures to ensure quality in educational management.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	T
I	Educational Management And Administration 1.1 Meaning, Nature & Scope of Educational Management 1.2 Functions of Educational Management 1.3 Types of Educational Management 1.3.1 Centralized and decentralized 1.3.2 External and Internal 1.3.3 Authoritarian/autocratic/ democratic 1.4 Difference between Management and Administration 1.5 Management of Resources in Educational Institutions- 1.5.1 Meaning and Types of resources: Human Resources, Material Resources and Financial Resources 1.6 Some modern trend of Educational Management 1.6.1. Management by Objectives 1.6.2 Total Quality management 1.6.3 SWOT analysis	16	(14)	3
II	Educational Leadership 2.1 Meaning and definitions of Educational Leadership 2.2 Nature of Educational Leadership 2.2 Function of Educational Leadership 2.3 Principles of Educational Leadership 2.4 Styles of Educational Leadership: Autocratic, Democratic and Laissez faire 2.5 Factors influencing leadership styles. 2.6 Essential qualities of an Educational leader 2.7 Leadership Development Programmes 2.8 Role of Educational Leader in ensuring quality of Education	16	(14)	3
III	Educational Planning	16	(14)	3

	3.1 Meaning and Nature of educational planning 3.2 Scope of educational planning 3.3 Need of educational planning 3.4 Principles of educational planning 3.5 Types of Educational planning 3.5.1 long term planning 3.5.2 short type planning 3.5.3 grass-root level planning 3.5.4 institutional planning 3.6 Factors affecting educational Plan 3.7 Concept and importance of School Development Plan		2 1 1 2 4 2 2	
IV	Educational Supervision 4.1 Concept and Characteristics of Educational Supervision 4.2 Objectives of Educational Supervision 4.3 Scope of Educational Supervision 4.4 Functions of Educational Supervision 4.5 Difference between Supervision and Inspection 4.6 Factors influencing effectiveness of supervision 4.7 Qualities of a Good Educational Supervisor 4.8 Problems of conducting educational Supervision	16	(12) 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2	2
V	Management issues in Educational finance 5.1 Meaning of educational finance 5.2 Nature and scope of educational finance 5.3 Principles of managing educational finance 5.4 Role of finance committee 5.5 Maintenance of records in educational finance 5.6 Use of computer in management of finance 5.7 Budget: concept and components, process of preparing institutional budget 5.8 Sources of Educational Finance: 5.9 Public Private Partnership in financing Education	16	(16) 1 2 2 1 2 1 3 2 2	3
	Total	80	70	14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): Marks 5

- b. Organize debate or discussion on the issues like Educational supervision, educational leadership, trends of educational management or any suitable topic.
- c. Presentation of Seminar paper on the issues of Educational management.
- d. Prepare a sketch of Institutional plan for any educational institution.
- e. Prepare a hypothetical budget for any educational institution.
- f. Visit the accounts & finance office of your college and prepare a list of all financial files and documents maintained.

B. Sessional Test

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

01. Bala, Rajni, *Educational supervision Theories and Practices*, alfa publications: New Delhi, 2006
02. Bhatnagar, S & P.K.Gupta: *Educational Administration and management*, R. lall. Book Depot, Meerut, 2010
03. Burton, Jene, *Management Today- Principles and Practice*, Tata McGrow Hill Publishing Company Ltd: New Delhi, 2002.
04. Bush, Tony, *Theories of Educational Leadership and Management*, SAGE Publications: New Delhi, 2003.
05. Chandan, J. S., *Management Concept and Strategies*, Vikash Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi, 2002.
06. Chalam, K.S. *Educational planning- An introduction*, Visalandhara Publishing House, Visakhapatnam, 1985.
07. Garg, V.P.: *Economics of Education*, Metropolitan, New Delhi – 110002
08. Kalwar, M. C. and Ratikanta Pathak, *Principle of Bussiness Management*, Abhilekh Publication and Production: Guwahati, 2005.
09. Kumar, Rajendra C., *The Leadership in Management*, A. P. H. Publishing Company: New Delhi, 2007.
10. Mehorotra, Anju, *Leadership styles of Principals*, Mittal publications: New Delhi, 2005.
11. Mishra, R. C. *Theory of Education Administration*, A. P. H. Publishing Corporation: New Delhi, 2007.
12. NEUPA, *Model Education Code: Practices and Processes of school Management*. 2015.
13. NEUPA, *Concepts and Terms Used in Educational Planning and Administration*, 2013.
14. NEUPA, *Secondary Education Planning and Appraisal Manual*, 2012
15. Rao, V. S. P. and V. Harikrishna, *Management Text and Cases*, Excel Books: New Delhi: 2002.
16. Safaya R.N. and B.D. Shaida: *School Administration and Organization*, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi.
17. Sidhu, K.S.: *School Organization and Administration*, Sterling Publication Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi – 110016

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN602 / GEEDN601: EDUCATION IN POST-INDEPENDENT INDIA
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20; END-SEMESTER 80)

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. describe the educational scenario at the time of Independence
2. explain the roles of various Commissions and Committees in the development of education in post independent India.
3. describe the recent educational developments in India

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	<p>Educational scenario at the time of Independence</p> <p>1.1 A brief account of educational scenario at the time of Independence</p> <p>1.2 University Education Commission, 1948-49</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Aims of University Education - Reforms of curriculum - Administration and Funding - Teaching and Research - Vocational Education - Women's Education -Examination reform -Students Welfare -Implications of University Education Commission's recommendations in present Education system <p>1.3 Education in the Indian Constitution:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Introduction: Preamble of the Constitution. <p>Constitutional Provisions on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Free and Compulsory Education. } - Early Childhood Care and Education. } - Secularism in Education. } - Study of Hindi and Official language. } - Education for Women. } 	20	(18) 1		4

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Education for Minorities. - Education for ST and SC. - Reasons for inclusion of Education in Concurrent List. - Challenges towards Implementation of the Constitutional provisions. 		1 1 2		
II	<p>Educational Efforts in India - I - (1951-2000):</p> <p>2.1 Secondary Education Commission, 1952-53</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Defects of Secondary Education. - Aims of Secondary Education. - Organisational pattern of Secondary Education. } <p>2.2 Recommendations of Secondary Education Commission on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Study of Language - Curriculum of Secondary Education. } - Methods of Teaching. - Education for Character. } - Guidance and Counselling, Student Welfare. - Examination reform. } - Improvement of Teaching Staff. - Implications of Secondary Education Commission's recommendations in present Education system. <p>2.3 Education Commission, 1964-66 & its recommendations on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Education and national objectives. - Educational structure and standards. - Teacher status and Teacher Education. - School curriculum. - Teaching methods, Guidance and Evaluation. - Implications of the Education Commission's recommendations in present Education system. 	20	(18) 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 2		2
III	<p>Educational Efforts in India - II (1951-2000):</p> <p>3.1 National Policy of Education 1968</p> <p>3.2 Iswarbhai Patel Review Committee, 1977</p>	20	(18) 2 2		2

	3.3 Adishesiah Committee Report, 1978		3		
	3.4 National Policy of Education, 1986		2		
	3.5 Ramamurty Review Committee, 1990 on NPE		2		
	3.6 Janardan Reddy Committee Report, 1991		2		
	3.7 Revised National Policy of Education, 1992		2		
IV	Recent Developments in Indian Education:	20	(18)		4
	4.1 Sarva Siksha Abhiyan (SSA): Its Objectives, Organization, Functions, Achievement.		3		
	4.2 Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA): Its Objectives, Organization and Functions.		2		
	4.3 Right to Education (RTE), 2009: Provisions and role of respective authorities (Government, Head of the school, Teachers)		2		
	4.4 Rashtriya Uchchar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA): Its Objectives, organization and functions.		2		
	4.5 National Knowledge Commission (NKC): Its recommendations for School and Higher Education		3		
	4.6 National Curriculum Framework (NCF), 2005: Aims of Education, Curriculum, Evaluation system		4		
	4.7 Role of NCTE, UGC, NAAC, AICTE, BCI, MCI, NCERT, NUEPA, NIOS in development of Indian Education.				
		80	72		12

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): **Marks 5**

- a. Debate on controversies and issues of education of different Commissions and Committees.
- b. Group discussions on the Constitutional Provisions on Indian Education.
- c. Assignment on any one of the contents of the course.

B. Sessional Test

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Aggarwal, J.C. (2010). Development and Planning of Modern Education. New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd.
2. Bhatia, R.L., & B.N. Ahuja (2000). Modern Indian Education and its problems. New Delhi: Surjeet publication.
3. Baruah, Jatin, (2008). *Bharatar Sikhar Itihasar Adhayan*. Guwahati: Layars Book Stall.
4. Chaube, S.P. History and Problems of Indian Education, Agra: Agarwal Publications
5. Nayak, B.K. (2012). History Heritage and Development of Indian Education .New Delhi: Axis Books Pvt.Ltd.
6. Nurullah and Nayak, (1998). A Student History of Education in India. Bombay: Macmillan India ltd.
7. Mukherjee, S.N. (2014). Education in India Today and Tomorrow, Vinod Pustak Mandir.
8. Rawat, P.L., (n.d.). History of Indian Education, Agra: Ram Prasad & Sons.
9. Sarma, M.K. (2013). *Bharatar Sikhar Itihas*, Dibrugarh: Banalata.
10. Sarma, Deka, Mishara & Chakravarty. *Snatak Mahalar Bharatar Sikhar Itihas*, Guwahati
11. Sharma, T.K.(2008) . *Bharatar Sikha Bikasar Ithihas aru Samasyawli*. Dibrugarh: Banalata.
12. Sharma, T.K & Goswami, R.K.(2009). *Bharatar Sikhar Buranjee*. Dibrugarh: Banalata.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN603: EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20 AND END-SEMESTER 80)**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. describe the concept, nature and components of Educational Technology
2. distinguish between Educational technology and Instructional Technology
3. apply ICT in teaching learning
4. describe the concept, components and characteristics of communication
5. demonstrate the skills of effective communication
6. apply Models of teaching, personalized system of instruction, programmed learning in teaching learning.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	M	L	P	T
I	Educational Technology 1.1 Concept and nature of Educational Technology 1.2 Development of Educational Technology 1.3 Development of Educational Technology in India 1.4 Components of Educational Technology: Hardware, Software and Systems approach 1.5 Instructional technology 1.6 Difference between Educational Technology and Instructional Technology	16	(12) 2 2 2 3 2 1		3
II	ICT in Education 2.1 Concept and development of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) 2.2 Computer and its role in education 2.3 Application of ICT—Smart learning, smart classes, virtual classes, ICT in evaluation 2.4 E-learning 2.5 Internet and its application	16	(10) 3 2 2 1 2		3
III	Communication and teaching learning 3.1 Concept and nature of communication 3.2 Components of Communication 3.3 Classroom communication 3.4 Significance of communication in learning 3.5 Barriers of effective classroom communication 3.6 Steps for making communication effective 3.7 Qualities of a good classroom communicator	16	(15) 2 3 2 2 2 2 2		3
IV	Instructional Techniques 4.1 Models of teaching (Concept, characteristics and families) 4.2 Inquiry training model and Classroom meeting model 4.3 Personalized system of instruction 4.4 Computer assisted instruction (Meaning, nature,	16	(19) 4 2 2 3		3

	forms, merits and demerits)				
	4.5 Programmed learning (Meaning characteristics and types)		3		
	4.6 Open and Distance education: Concept and usefulness, application of technology in Open and Distance learning		3		
	4.7 Team Teaching (Group Discussion, Seminars & Symposium)		2		
V	Concept of Learning Resources	16	(14)		2
	5.1 Audio Visual learning resources and their Uses: Radio, Television, projector, film, film strips		3		
	5.2 Non projected learning resources and their Uses: Model, Chart, Globe, Map, Printed material		4		
	5.3 E- resources and their use		1		
	5.4 EDUSAT: functions		1		
	5.5 E-Pathshala: concepts and uses		1		
	5.6 Open access resources: Concepts and uses.		2		
	5.7 Peer group and community as learning resource		2		
		80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): **Marks 5**

- a. Present a topic of their own choice by using interactive board.
- b. Prepare a power point presentation including photo, text, video and audio and present before the classmates.
- c. Prepare a teaching plan by using inquiry training model
- d. Develop one non projected learning resource for teaching
- e. Develop a video resource of teaching
- f. Present a seminar paper by using e-resources on any one of the contents of the course.

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Allen, Dwight and Kevin Ryan (1969). *Micro Teaching*. London: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
2. Arulsamy, S. (2009). *Application of ICT in Education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal.
3. Ashby, E. (1972). *The fourth Revolution: A Report and Recommendation by the Carnegie Commission of Higher Education*. New York: McGraw Hill Book Co.
4. Chauhan, S. S. (2008). *Innovations in Teaching Learning process*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
5. Joyce, Bruce, Marsha Weil and Emily Calhoun (2008). *Models of Teaching*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
6. Mangal, S. K. and Uma Mangal (2011). *Essentials of Educational Technology*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

7. Mohanty, Jagannath (2008). *Educational Technology*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publication
8. Mrunalin, T. and Ramakrishna, A. (2016). *Information and Communication Technology in Education*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal.
9. Sharmah, R. A. (2007). *Technological Foundation of Educational*. Meerut: Lall Book Depot.
10. Shaikh, I. R. (2015). *Educational Technology and ICT*. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Education
11. Singh, C. P. (2011). *Advanced Educational Technology*. New Delhi: Saurabh Publishing House.

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN604: CHILD & ADOLESCENT PSYCHOLOGY
CREDIT: 6
MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER 20 AND END-SEMESTER 80)

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the Course, students will be able to:

1. explain the significance of a study of childhood and adolescence today.
2. describe the developmental changes of childhood and adolescence.
3. summarize the effect of family dynamics on child and adolescent development
4. explain the significance of the role of society in monitoring and guiding young children in their proper development.

Course Contents:

Unit	Content	M	L	P	T
I	Introduction: 1.1 Meaning and Significance of Child Psychology 1.2 Historical Perspectives of development of child psychology 1.3 Factors affecting child Development (Positive and Negative Factors) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home/Family • School • Society 1.4 Methods used in Child Psychology	15	(12) 3 3 4 2		2
II	Developmental Patterns & Concerns during Childhood: 2.1 Development Patterns during this period- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical • Mental/Cognitive • Emotional • Social • Language 2.2 Some Common Childhood Problems- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problems of discipline • Behaviour and adjustment problems (anger, aggression, truancy) 2.3 Deficiency & deprivations during childhood- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Natural • Physiological • Socio-economic • Social adjustment problems (shyness, hesitation, jealousy) 2.4 Prevention & correction of these problems 2.5 Role of Education	25	(22) 6 6 6 2 2		4

III	Psychology of Adolescence: 3.1 Meaning and Need for a Study of Adolescence Psychology 3.2 Theories of Adolescence Psychology- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recapitulation • Youth Culture • Social Anxiety Theory 3.3 Development patterns during Adolescence- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical • Mental/Cognitive • Social • Emotional • Moral 3.4 Risk and Resilience in Adolescents- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk Factors in Adolescents • Strategies to Enhance Resilience in Adolescents 	20	(18)		4
IV	Need and Problems of Adolescents 4.1 Needs of Adolescents today 4.2 Problems of Adolescents- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emotional Problems • Adjustment Problems • Deviance and Delinquency 4.3 Common Adolescent Problems in Educational Institutions today- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Violence & Vandalism • Hetero-sexual attractions • Substance abuse 4.4 Role of Society in caring for the Adolescents- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parents • Educational Institutions • Society 	20	(18)		4
	Total	80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): **Marks 5**

1. Reporting data about growth and development of children from different contexts through observation in natural setting
2. Reporting on issues related to child and adolescent behaviour.
3. Listening in on adolescents conversations in the Canteen/ Train/ Bus/ Restaurants/Parks/Workplace etc and reporting the same.
4. Writing a report on a school-going child /or an adolescent with an emphasis on trying to understand the major developmental factors that affect their social behaviour.
5. Discussions based on Film Screenings.

B. Sessional Test

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Adler, A. (1927): *Practice and Theory of Individual Psychology*, New York, Harlowet Brace and World.
2. Allport, G.W. (1938): *Personality - A Psychological Interpretation*, Halt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., New York.
3. Berk, L.E. (2007): *Child Development*, Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
4. Blos, P. (1950): *On Adolescence*, New York, The Free Press of Glencae.
5. Carr, A. (2012): *Positive Psychology*. (2nd Ed), Routledge Publication, New York.
6. Chaube, S.P.: *Child Psychology*, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Educational Publishers Agra-3.
7. Chauhan, S.S. (1978): *Advanced Educational Psychology*, Vikash Publishing House (Pvt.) Ltd., New Delhi.
8. Coxon, M. (2012): *Cognitive Psychology*. SAGE Publication, London.
9. Deka, Birendra.: *Sishu Monovigyan Aru Shiksha Samaj Vigyan*, Banalata Publishing House, Dibrugarh.
10. Hurlock, E.B. (1973): *Adolescent Development* (4th Ed.), Tokyo, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Ltd.
11. Garrison, K.C. (1959): *Psychology of Adolescence*, Englewood Cliff, Practice-Hall.
12. Garrison, K.C. (1965): *The Psychology of Adolescence*, Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, Engle Wood Cliffs, New Jersey.
13. Goswami, G.: *Child Development and Child Care*, Arun Prakashan, Guwahati.
14. Jersild, A.T. (1963): *The Psychology of adolescence*, (2nd Ed.), New York, The McMillan Company.
15. Kale, S.V.: *Child Psychology & Child Guidance*, Himalaya Publishing House Mumbai.
16. Kumar, L.N.: *Developmental Psychology*, Agarwal Educational Publishers, Agra-3.
17. Meece, L.J. (2017): *Child and Adolescent Development for Educators*, McGraw Hill Companies Inc., New York
18. Sharma, Deka, Mishra and Chakraborty: *Snatak Mahalar Sishu Monovigyan*, Asom Book Depot.
19. Thompson, G. (1981): *Child Psychology*, 2nd Edition, Surjeet Publication.
20. Tony, C., Gulliford, A. & Brich, S. (2015): *Educational Psychology*, (2nd Ed), Routledge Publication, New York.
21. Woolfolk, A. (2001): *Educational Psychology*, (8th Ed), Needham Heights, M.A., Allyn and Bacon

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN605 / GEEDN602: HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. explain the meaning, definition, nature, scope, theories and constitutional perspectives of human rights.
2. describe the concept, objectives, principles, need and curriculum, of human rights education.
3. describe methods and activities of teaching human right education.
4. describe the factors promoting human right education.
5. describe the basics of human rights education i.e. societal, political, regionalism and limitations of its
6. explain the role of different agencies of human rights education.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	M	L	P	T
I	Introduction to Human Rights 1.1. Concept of Human Rights: Meaning, Definition, Nature and Scope. 1.2. Theories of Human Rights: Natural, Liberal, Marxist and Social Theory 1.3. Constitutional Perspectives : Fundamental Rights and Duties and their correlation 1.4. Universal Declaration of Human Rights,1948 1.5. Human Rights Movement in India: National Freedom Movement, Dalit and Women's movement	20	(16) 2 4 4 2 4		4
II	Understanding and Dealing with Violation of Human Rights 2.1 Societal : 2.1.1 Violence against women: Causes, Consequences and Protection 2.1.2 Violence against Children: Causes, Consequences and Protection (Child Labour, Child Trafficking and Child Abuse) 2.1.3 Poverty with related to causes, types and consequences 2.1.4 Population Growth with related to causes, consequences and Protection 2.2 Political : 2.2.1 Terrorism with related to concept, types, causes and measures 2.2.2 Regionalism with related to causes and consequences		(20) 4 4 2 2 3 3 2		
III	Introduction to Human Rights Education	20	(18)		2

	3.1 Concept, Objectives, Principles and need for Human Rights Education in India		3		
	3.2 Factors promoting Human Rights Education				
	3.2.1 Positive Attitude		4		
	3.2.2 Pro- Social Behaviour				
	3.2.3 Elimination of Prejudice				
	3.2.4 Promotion of peace				
	3.3 Human Rights Education at different levels of education		2		
	3.3.1 Elementary/ Primary				
	3.3.2 Secondary				
	3.4 Curriculum of Human Rights Education		2		
	3.5 Methods and Activities of teaching Human Rights Education		6		
	3.5.1 Teaching in Formal mode				
	3.5.2 Non- Formal Training				
	3.5.3 Counselling				
	3.6 Limitation of Human Rights Education		1		
IV	Agencies of Human Rights Education	20	(16)		4
	4.1 Role of Global Efforts (United Nations, UNESCO Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action)		4		
	4.2 Role of National Efforts (National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) and State Human Rights Commission (SHRC)		4		
	4.3. Role of Efforts of NGO (Local, National & Global)		2		
	4.4. Role of Mass Media : Print and Electronics		2		
	Total	80	70		10

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activities (The teacher may assign and assess any one of the following): **Marks 5**

- a. Group discussion/Seminar/Debate/Assignment on any one of the topics of the course.
- b. Identify contents related to Human Rights Education in the Secondary level text books
- c. Analysis of mass media to study its role in promoting Human Rights Education

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Reading:

1. Bhattacharya, G.C. "Teaching of Human Rights at B.Ed level; needs and objectives." University News 35(52), December
2. Bhushan Chandra (2007), Terrorism and Separation in North- East India, Kalpaz Publication, New Delhi.
3. Borah Jagneswar(2010), Manab Adhikar, Eureka Prakakhan, Jorhat
4. Gogoi, Purandar (2004) , Manab Adhikar,Banalata , Panbajar, Gauhati
5. Hatibaruah Diganta (2009), Manab Adhikar, Saraswati Prakakhan, Golaghat.
6. Kapoor, SK (2005), Human Rights Under International & Indian Law, Allahabad: Central Law Agency

7. Kaur, Manjit (2008), Teaching of Human Rights, A.P.H. publishing corporation, New Delhi.
8. Saikia, P., Goswami, K. *et.al* (2015), Human Rights Education in India, Graphica Design Studio,Panbazar, Guwahati. (ISBN-978-81-925867-4-8
9. Singh, Dr. Devinder (2013), Child Labour and Right to Education , JBA Book code : 133031(ISBN-9789382676065)
10. Verma, R.S (2000), Human Rights, burning issues of the world ,India Publisher, Delhi.
11. Yadav, R.P (2014), Right to Education, JBA Book (ISBN- 9788183244633)

SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN606: ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]

Expected Learning Outcomes: On completion of the course, learners will be able to-

1. describe the meaning, scope and importance of Economics of Education
2. define and illustrate the concepts used in economics of Education.
3. examine the historical development of Economics of Education.
4. explain the concept of Education as a good, demand and supply of education, Utility of Education etc.
5. explain the concept of investment in education, return on investment in education, education as production process etc.
6. explain the concepts of different types of Educational cost.
7. examine the concepts of human capital formation, Education financing, Educational Planning etc.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	T
I	Introduction to Economics of Education 1.1 Meaning and Scope of Economics of Education 1.2 Importance of Study of Economics of Education 1.3 Historical development of Economics of Education 1.4 Nature of Education in Capitalist Economy and Socialist Economy 1.5 Concepts of Some basic terms in Economics of Education: National Income, Per capita Income, Economic and non economic activity, Economic growth, Physical and Human Capital, Consumption, Goods, Cost, Production, Productivity, Rate of return, Market value, Financing, Employability, Manpower, Investment,	16	(12)	2
II	Human capital formation and Investment in Education 2.1 Concept and Nature of Human Capital Formation 2.2 Relation between Human capital formation and Economic development 2.3 Sources of human capital formation 2.4 Role of Education in the process of Human capital formation 2.5 Concepts and importance of Manpower planning 2.6 Concept and Nature of Investment in Education 2.7 Types of investment in Education: Private and Public Investment 2.8 Investment in education of India	16	(15)	3
III	Education as an Economic goods 3.1 Education as an Economic good: Education as a Normal good, Inferior good, Public good and Private good. 3.2 Cardinal and ordinal utility of Education 3.3 Demand for Education: Meaning and factors affecting Demand for Education 3.4 Supply of Education: Meaning and factors affecting Supply of Education 3.5 Problem of Scarcity and Choice in education 3.6 Education as a Process of Production: Meaning and Factors	16	(14)	3
IV	Cost of Education	16	(14)	3

	4.1 Concept and nature of Educational Cost.		2	
	4.2 Meaning and Nature of different types of Educational cost: Direct cost, Indirect cost, , Money cost, Social cost, institutional cost, Private cost		5	
	4.3 Opportunity cost: Meaning and its application in Education.		2	
	4.4 Meaning and use of Unit cost of Education in Educational Planning.		2	
	4.5 Calculation of Unit cost of Education.		2	
	4.6 concept of Cost Efficiency and Cost Effectiveness in Education		1	
V	Issues of Economics of Education	16	(15)	3
	5.1 Relation between Education and Economic development.		1	
	5.2 Industry- Academia linkage		1	
	5.3 Relation between Education and labour market.		4	
	5.3.1 Problem of Educated Unemployment			
	5.3.2 Problem of underemployment			
	5.3.3 Problem of Migration of Educated labour			
	5.3.4 Problem of Child Labour			
	5.4 Meaning and importance of Educational Planning.		1	
	5.5 Educational Finance			
	5.5.1 Private financing: Meaning, Importance & Challenges		3	
	5.5.2 Public financing: Meaning, Importance & Challenges		3	
	5.6 Meaning and Importance of public private partnership (PPP) in education		2	
	Total	80	70	14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activity (Any one of the following)

Marks 5

1. Analysis the components of education in current Union Budget and State Budget.
2. Organize debate or discussion on the issues like PPP in Education, Industry Academia relation, Public investment on education, Unemployment, Brain drain or any suitable topic.
3. Preparation & Presentation of Seminar paper on the issues of Economics of Education.
4. Conduct survey to compute the cost of different levels of education

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Akinyemi. S, (2010) *The Economics of Education*, Strategic Book publishing and Right Co., Nigeria.
2. Garg, V.P. (1985) *The cost analysis in Higher Education*, Metropolitan Book Co., New Delhi
3. Johnes. G, & Johnes. J. *International handbook on Economics of Education*, (Edt) Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd, USA, 2004
4. Sharma, R.A, *Economics of Education*, R. Lall Book Depot, Meerut, 2007
5. Singh. B, *Economics of Indian Education* (Edt), Meenakshi Prakashan, New Delhi
6. Rajaiiah, B. (1987). *Economics of Education*, Mittal Publication, Delhi
7. Varghese & Tilak, *The financing of Indian Education*, project paper of International Institute of educational planning, 1991.

**SYLLABUS OF THE UG PROGRAMME IN EDUCATION
DIBRUGARH UNIVERSITY
B.A. IN EDUCATION (NON - HONOURS)
EDDSEN607 / GEEDN603: GENDER AND EDUCATION
CREDIT: 6
[MARKS: 100 (IN-SEMESTER: 20; END-SEMESTER: 80)]**

Expected Learning Outcome: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. explain the meaning and nature of gender and its related terms.
2. describe the gender biases and gender inequality in family, school and society.
3. describe the gender issues related to school education.
4. analyse the laws and policies related to gender equality.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Marks	L	P	T
I	INTRODUCTION TO GENDER AND ITS RELATED TERMS:	20	20		4
	1.1.Sex and Gender: meaning and concept				
	1.2.Difference between sex and gender.		2		
	1.3.Gender role: Concept and nature.				
	1.3.1. Types of gender role.		2		
	1.4.Patriarchal and Matriarchal: Concept and nature.		1		
	• Gender role in patriarchal and matriarchal society		2		
	1.5.Social construct of Gender.		1		
	1.6.Gender Segregation: concept and nature				
	• Types of gender Segregation: Horizontal & vertical		2		
	1.6.1. Gender segregation and education.		2		
	1.7.Gender marginalisation in education				
	• Meaning, concept and nature				
	• Causes of gender marginalisation in education		3		
	• Measures for inclusion in education				
	1.8 Gender stereotyping: Meaning and concept				
	• Issues and concern related to gender stereotyping in Indian society		4		
	• Gender stereotyping and education.		1		
	1.9 Self silencing: concept and nature				

II	<p>GENDER AND SOCIETY</p> <p>2.1 Gender biases: Meaning and concept</p> <p>2.1.1 Gender biases in</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The family • The school environment • The society. <p>2.2. Gender socialization: Meaning and concept.</p> <p>2.2.1. Gender socialization</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Role of the family • Role of the school • Role of the society • Role media and popular culture (film and advertisement) <p>2.3 Gender inequality in education in terms of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caste • Religion • Region <p>2.4 Issues related to women/girl child:</p> <p>A. Female foeticide and infanticide</p> <p>B. Sex ratio</p> <p>C. Honour killing</p> <p>D. Dowry</p> <p>E. Child marriage</p>	20	15		4
III	<p>GENDER INEQUALITY IN THE SCHOOL:</p> <p>3.1 Gender discrimination in the</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction and dissemination of knowledge. • Text books • Hidden curriculum. <p>3.2 Gender inequality and school</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infrastructure • Curricular and co-curricular activities. <p>3.3 Gender issues in school education: Problem of Access, Retention, Stagnation and Drop-out.</p> <p>3.4 Gender and equality:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Role of the school, peer, teacher, curriculum and textbooks in reinforcing equality. <p>3.5 Gender inclusive approach</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single sex school • Child friendly school • Girl friendly school <p>Their significance in inclusive education.</p>	20	20		3
IV	<p>LAWS, ARTICLES AND POLICIES TO BRING GENDER EQUALITY:</p> <p>4.1 Introduction to laws related to women and social justice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dowry 	20	15		3

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remarriage • Divorce • Property rights • Trafficking. 				
	4.2 Women reservation bills: History and current status.		2		
	4.3 Articles of Indian constitution related to education from gender equality perspective.		3		
	4.4 Educational policies and programmes from gender equality perspective.		6		
		80	70		14

In-semester Assessment:

Marks 20

A. Sessional Activity (Any one of the following)

Marks 5

- a. Reports on gender discrimination. (on the basis of events occurred in their surrounding)
- b. Analysis and interpretation of census. (sex ratio, literacy rate, gender gap etc..)
- c. Project (Analysis of the advertisements of electronic media from gender perspective)
- d. Seminar on gender issues related to education.
- e. Text Book (Secondary Level) analysis from Gender Perspective

B. Sessional Tests:

Marks 10

C. Attendance:

Marks 5

Suggested Readings:

1. Annual Report: (2008). Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education, India.
2. Belle, D. (1982). Ed. Lives in Stress: Women and Depression. New Delhi: Sage. Distributors.
3. Chappell, C. (2003). "Researching Vocational Education and Training: Where to From Here?" Journal of Vocational Education and Training, 55 (1), 21-32.
4. Dube, L. (2001). Anthropological explorations in gender: Intersecting fields. New Delhi: Sage Publications Pvt. Limited.
5. FAO. 1997. Gender: the key to sustainability and food security. SD Dimensions, May 1997 (available at www.fao.org/sd).
6. Howard, P. 2003. Women and plants, gender relations in biodiversity management and conservation. London, ZED Books.
7. Jones, K., Evans, C., Byrd, R., Campbell, K. (2000) Gender equity training and teaching behavior. Journal of Instructional Psychology, 27 (3), 173-178.
8. K., & Gallagher, J. J. (1987). The role of target students in the science classroom. Journal of Research in Science Teaching, 24(1), 61-75.
9. Kahle, J. B. (2004). Will girls be left behind? Gender differences and accountability. Journal of Research in Science Teaching, 41(10), 961-969.
10. Kanter, Rosabeth Moss. 1977. Men and Women of the Corporation. New York: Basic Books.

11. Kapur, P. (1974). *Changing: tutus of the Working Women in India*. Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
12. Khan, M. S. (1996). *Status of women in Islam*. New Delhi: APH Publishing.
13. Klein, S. (1985) *Handbook for Achieving Sex Equity Through Education*. Baltimore, MD: The Johns Hopkins University Press.
14. Lippa, Richard A. 2002. *Gender, Nature, and Nurture*. Mahwah, NJ: L. Erlbaum.
- Oakley, Ann. 1972. *Sex, Gender, and Society*. New York: Harper and Row.
15. Thorne, Barrie. 1993. *Gender Play: Girls and Boys in School*. New Brunswick, NJ: Rutgers University Press.
16. Majumdar, M. (2004). *Social status of women in India*. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers.
- Sarkar Aanchal, 2006, *Gender and Development*,Pragun Publication, New Delhi. Print.
- Sharma, A. (2002). *Women in Indian religions*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
17. Marshall, C.S. & Reihartz, J. (1997) *Gender issues in the classroom*. *Clearinghouse*, 70 (6), 333-338.
18. Renold, R. (2006). *Gendered classroom experiences*. In C. Skelton, B. Francis, & L. Smulyan (Eds.), *The SAGE Handbook of Gender and Education* (pp. 439–452). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
